CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO WESTCLIFFE, COLORADO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AND CERTAIN SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

December 31, 2016

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Garren, Ross & De Nardo, Inc.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

JAMES E. GARREN, CPA MEL J. ROSS, CPA SAM J. DeNARDO, CPA SUITE 200 3673 PARKER BOULEVARD PUEBLO, COLORADO 81008 719 / 544-9872 FAX 719 / 253-5417 www.grdcpa.com

Independent Auditor's Report

July 31, 2017

Board of Commissioners Custer County, Colorado Westeliffe, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Custer County, Colorado as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Board of Commissioners Custer County, Colorado Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Custer County, Colorado, as of December 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages i - vii and 29-32 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Custer County, Colorado's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the budgetary comparison schedules for nonmajor funds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying Annual Statement of Revenues and Expenditures for Roads, Bridges and Streets, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the nonmajor budgetary comparison schedules, and the Annual Statement of Revenues and Expenditures for Road, Bridges and Streets, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Darrin, Ross & DeMardo, luc.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the report provides readers with a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Custer County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the County's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Custer County's assets exceeded liabilities by \$7,818,454 at the end of 2016. Of this amount, \$3,420,790 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The remaining \$4,397,664 is invested in capital assets or restricted by law.

The County's General Fund balance was \$1,243,386 as of December 31, 2016. Of this amount, \$90,800 is reserved for emergencies.

The 2016 General Fund balance is \$179,511 more than the previous year. The total fund balance is 37% of 2016 General Fund operating expenditures plus net operating transfers. The County Commissioners' goal is to keep fund balance at no less than 5%.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements contain three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. In addition to the basic statements, this report also contains other supplementary information including combining statements for non-major funds.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the County's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods (e.g., uncollected taxes.)

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their cost through user fees and charges (business-type activities). Custer County's governmental activities include general government, public safety, roads and bridges, auxiliary, culture and recreation, and health and human services.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements include not only Custer County itself (known as the primary government), but also legally separate entities which have a significant operational or financial relationship with the County. These entities, if any, are known as component units. The discreetly presented component unit is the E-911 Emergency Telephone Authority. In 2007, for the first time, the County began accounting for all transactions of the Custer County Airport Authority (now an advisory board) on its behalf, and, as such, it is now treated as a blended component unit for financial reporting purposes. More information on the functions of these activities can be found in Note 1 to the financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Custer County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Custer County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Custer County maintains seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Road & Bridge Fund, Public Welfare Fund, Capital Improvements Fund, Emergency Services Fund, Conservation Trust Fund and the Lodging and Tourism Fund. The Custer County Airport Authority is also included as a blended component unit. The General Fund, Road & Bridge Fund, Capital Improvement Fund and the Public Welfare Fund are the only funds that are considered major. Data from the other funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 5 through 8 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. There are two common types of Proprietary Funds commonly used in governmental activities. Enterprise Funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and Internal Service Funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. During the fiscal year 2016, Custer County utilized one internal service fund, the Insurance Fund, for governmental activities.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support Custer County's own operations. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund statement of net assets can be found on page 12.

Budgetary Comparisons. Custer County adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for all major funds on pages 29 to 32 of this report. Budget to actual comparisons for each of the non-major funds are provided in other schedules elsewhere in this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 13 through 28 of this report.

Other Information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with the internal service fund and the non-major governmental funds can be found on pages 9 through 11 and 33 through 40, respectively.

County-Wide Financial Analysis

Net Position. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. As of December 31, 2016, assets exceeded liabilities by \$7,818,454.

The following table provides a summary of the County's governmental and business-type net position for 2016 and 2015.

Assets		2016	2015
Current assets		\$ 6,933,174	\$ 6,017,651
Non-current assets		4,477,124	4,251,131
	Total Assets	11,410,298	10,268,782
<u>Liabilities</u>		-	
Current liabilities		751,190	472,105
Non-current liabilities		918,654	928,246
	Total Liabilities	1,669,844	1,400,351
Deferred Inflow – property taxes		1,922,000	1,905,000
Net Position)	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	t	4,206,526	3,954,966
Restricted for emergency / grants		191,138	173,404
Unrestricted		3,420,790	2,835,061
	Total Net Position	\$ 7,818,454	\$ 6,963,431

The portion of Custer County's net position (44%) represents unrestricted net position of \$3,420,790, which may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

County-Wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

A significant portion of Custer County's net position (54%) reflects its investment in capital assets. These assets include land, buildings, machinery, equipment and infrastructure. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens; consequently, they are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional \$191,138 of the County's net position (2%) represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The amount reserved for TABOR is \$185,000, the remaining \$6,138 is grant restricted.

At the end of 2016, Custer County had positive balances in all net position categories.

Changes in Net Position. Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$855,023 in 2016 and \$281,439 in 2015. The following table summarizes the changes in Custer County's net position for governmental activities for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015.

Revenue			
Program Revenue		<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Charges for services	\$	924,225	\$ 826,421
Operating grants and contributions		2,400,918	2,299,983
Capital grants and contributions		478,018	21,644
General Revenue			
Taxes		3,106,897	3,035,511
Gain (Loss) on sale of assets		16,735	12,327
Investment earnings	13	31,449	 9,647
Total Revenue		6,958,242	6,205,533
Program Expenses			
General government		2,044,200	1,888,326
Public safety		1,414,054	1,326,532
Streets and highways		1,459,133	1,618,084
Health and welfare		702,622	672,265
Auxiliary		392,214	368,328
Miscellaneous		80,542	42,757
Interest expense, unallocated	0	10,454	7,802
Total Expenses		6,103,219	5,924,094
Change in Net Position		855,023	281,439
Net position beginning of year		6,963,431	 6,681,992
Net position end of year	\$	7,818,454	\$ 6,963,431

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, Custer County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds Overview. The focus of County governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a governments' net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of 2016, the combined ending fund balances of County governmental funds were \$4,148,184. Approximately 28% of this consists of unassigned fund balance which is available as working capital, and 64% is assigned fund balance, which is available for current spending in accordance with the purposes of the specific funds. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it is committed for the following purposes: 1) a state constitution mandated emergency reserve (\$179,700); 2) grant requirements (\$6,138); and 3) inventory (\$144,405).

The County has seven governmental funds. They are 1) General Fund; 2) Road & Bridge Fund; 3) Public Welfare Fund; 4) Capital Improvements Fund; 5) Emergency Service Fund; 6) Conservation Trust Fund; and 7) Lodging and Tourism Fund.

- 1. General Fund. This is the primary operating fund of the Custer County Government. It accounts for many of the County's core services, such as law enforcement, County General Fund activities, personnel costs, planning, and elections. The General Fund balance was \$1,243,386 as of December 31, 2016. Of this amount, \$90,800 was reserved for emergencies. The 2016 fund balance is \$179,511 more than the previous year. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents about 34% of total 2016 expenditures, while total fund balance is 37% of the same amount. 2016 expenditures for general fund activities were less than budgeted by \$5,125.
- 2. Road & Bridge Fund. The Road & Bridge fund is also state mandated. The fund records costs related to County road and bridge construction and maintenance. The Road & Bridge fund had \$1,881,436 in fund balance at the end of 2016. This amount is \$356,020 more than the previous year. 2016 expenditures for road projects were less than budgeted by \$254,726.
- 3. Public Welfare Fund. The Public Welfare Fund is mandated by state statute. This fund accounts for the local share of many federal and state public welfare programs, plus various federal and state human services grants. The fund carried a \$100,630 balance at the end of 2016, which was \$6,283 less than the previous year. State and federal grant funding was \$31,456 more than the previous year.
- 4. Capital Improvements Fund. The Capital Improvements Fund accounts for the acquisition of major capital facilities and equipment. These are the purchases of the Sheriff's vehicles, office and jail facility and several heavy equipment purchases for the Road and Bridge Department and the Landfill Operation.
- 5. Emergency Service Fund. The primary function of the Emergency Service Fund is to account for expenditures relating to auxiliary rural and County-wide health and medical services. This fund receives property tax revenues which help finance these services. This fund also accounts for monies received as grant funds through the Colorado Regional Trauma Advisory Council for the support of rural emergency medical services.
- 6. Conservation Trust Fund. Accounts for the receipt and expenditure of Colorado Lottery funds from the State of Colorado.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds (Continued)

- 7. Lodging and Tourism Fund. The function of this fund is to account for lodging tourism tax revenue collected. The residents of Custer County approved a ballot issue in 2008 to implement a 2% tourism lodging tax assessed on persons renting a motel/hotel room or a campground space. The revenues from this tax will be used exclusively for advertising and marketing of local tourism.
- 8. Custer County Airport Authority. The primary function of the Airport Authority is to account for expenditures of the airport and related operating and grant revenues. It is a separate government included in the County's financial statements as a blended component unit due to its financial dependence.
- 9. Insurance Fund. (An internal service fund) This fund was established to account for County funds dedicated to general property loss and liability insurance, County official's errors and omissions insurance, and workers compensation insurance coverage.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The County's budget is prepared according to Colorado statutes. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

For 2016, the Board of County Commissioners appropriated \$3,361,887 for general fund expenditures and other financing uses. The budget was not amended.

	2016 Genera	i Funa Buaget		
		Original	Final	
		Budget	Budget	Actual
Revenues	\$	3,230,808	\$ 3,230,808	\$ 3,551,976
Expenditures	\$	3,361,887	\$ 3,361,887	\$ 3,356,762

Actual expenditures were less than the anticipated budget and less than revenues, which caused the ending fund balance to increase \$179,511, over the prior year.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. Custer County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2016 totals \$4,477,124 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment includes all land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure. The total increase in net capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$225,993.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 7 of this report.

Long-term Debt. At December 31, 2016, Custer County had no bonded debt. There are capital leases outstanding of \$270,598 and other noncurrent liabilities for post disclosure landfill costs and compensated absences. Additional information can be found in note 11.

Other Matters. The following factors are expected to have a significant effect on the County's financial position or results of operations and were taken into account in developing the 2016 budgets.

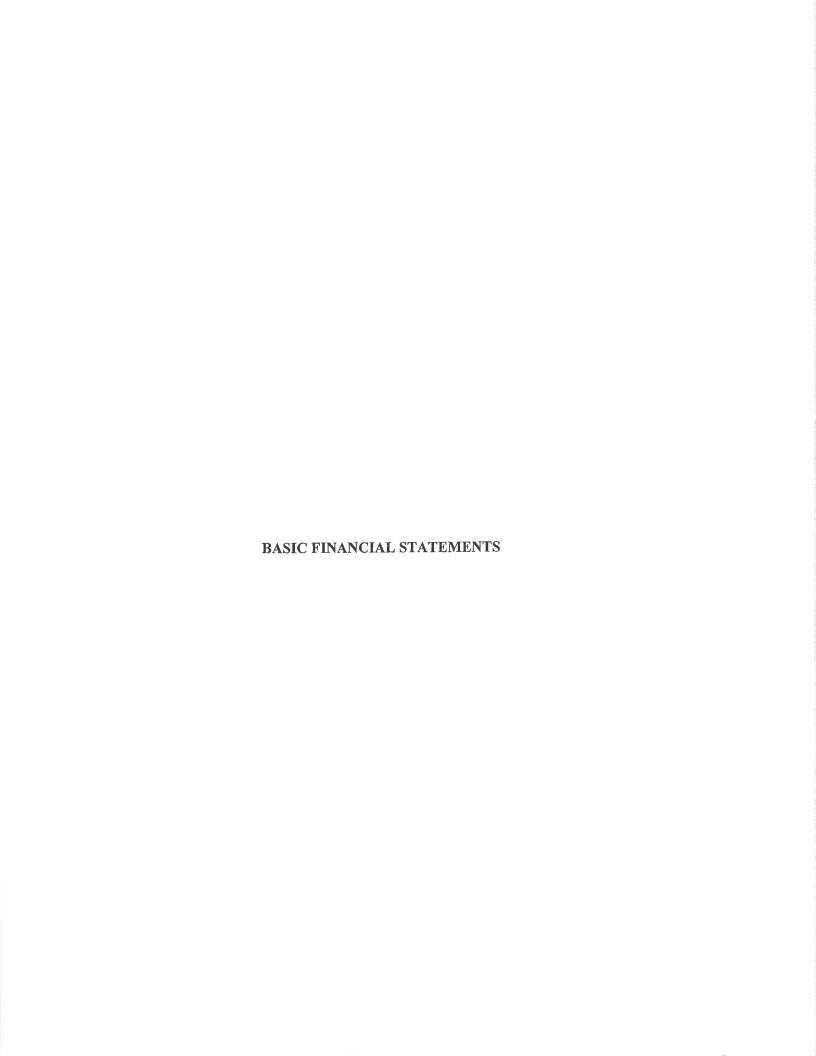
• Continued growth in Custer County caused increased demand in all service areas of the County, especially in public safety and road and bridge infrastructure.

Other Matters (Continued)

- The State of Colorado's budget crisis has led to reduction in the number of grant programs available to provide direct services and/or cost shifting responsibility back to the County budget. The program areas impacted included Community Health related programs, and Human Services.
- Custer County is continuing the establishment of a GIS (Geographical Information System) to improve the County's ability to respond quickly to emergency services and increase the capability to provide a variety of accurate maps. Better maps also help in making growth projections for developing the next Master Plan.
- The Road and Bridge Department has identified two primary challenges facing the County in the near future; replacing outdated and worn out bridges and developing a systematic long term equipment schedule. A number of bridges within the County are in dire need of repair and /or replacement. It is anticipated that new funding in the form of grants will be required to address the bridge issues. The County is also actively developing an equipment upgrade and replacement program protocol that will allow the County to access State and Federal grants to replace aging and worn out road and bridge equipment.
- Population growth has impacted the County's ability to provide public safety within our judicial system. The County courthouse combined courts system needs more physical space and a more secure facility for our citizens, victims, courthouse personnel and those accused of wrong doing. New State funds are being accessed to provide better courthouse security. The County needs a better designed, more functional jail that would complement the court facilities. The County is presently looking into a planning grant from the Colorado Department of Local Affairs (DOLA) to improve the jail and justice facilities.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Custer County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in the report or for additional financial information should be addressed to the County HR/Finance Director, 205 South Sixth Street, Westcliffe, CO 81252.





STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO December 31, 2016

			Primary Government		mponent Unit
			vernmental		E-911
Assets			<u>Activities</u>	A	uthority
Current Assets Cash and investments held by County Treasure.	r	\$	4,393,208	\$	*
Cash held by County Clerk	1	Ψ	125	-	*
Cash held by County Assessor			180		=:
Cash held by Sheriff			1,344		*
Cash held by Extension Office			34,621		
Cash held by Useful Public Service			100		-
Cash in bank					244,612
Accounts receivable			233,170		8,422
Taxes receivable			2,100,154		
Accrued state revenue			11,146		50
Accrued federal revenue			14,721		25
Inventories			144,405		2
	Total Current Assets	-	6,933,174		253,034
Non-current Assets Capital assets, net of depreciation			4,477,124		104,803
Capital assets, liet of depreciation					257 927
	Total Assets	ÿ	11,410,298	-	357,837
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Current Liabilities			26 522		
Accounts payable			36,523		#
Warrants payable			501,750		
Accrued interest			2,127 34,544		-
Due to State of Colorado			91,711		
Unearned revenue			84,535		_
Current maturities - capital leases		-	751,190	-	
	Total Current Liabilities		731,170	_	
Non-current Liabilities			481,816		_
Landfill closure costs			186,063		-
Capital leases non-current			250,775		_
Compensated absences	Total Non-Current Liabilities		918,654		
			1 660 944		
	Total Liabilities	-	1,669,844		
Deferred Inflow - property taxes		-	1,922,000		<u></u>
Net Position					
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt			4,206,526		104,803
Temporarily restricted			6,138		2
Restricted for emergency			185,000		2,200
Unrestricted		-	3,420,790		250,834
	Total Net Position	\$	7,818,454	\$	357,837

For the year ended December 31, 2016 CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

									Changes in Net Position	Net Pos	ition
					Progr	Program Revenue		F. Go	Primary Government	ೆ	Component Unit
				Charoes for	ان د	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	9	Governmental		E-911
Functions/Programs		Expenses	,	Services	, <u>S</u>	Contributions	Contributions	*	Activities	A	Authority
ental Activities											
government	↔	2,044,200	69	750,713	89	509,572	65	643	(783,915)	8	*
afety		1,414,054		106,997		164,365	171,094		(971,598)		¥.
ind highways		1,459,133		36,758		1,268,591	<u> </u>		(153,784)		.50
und welfare		702,622		3,576		446,676	•		(252,370)		0400
>		392,214		26,181		11,714	306,924		(47,395)		60
ineous		80,542		τ		ř			(80,542)		ř
expense, unallocated		10,454	ļ	te f		•		ļ	(10,454)	ļ	•
Total Governmental Activities	64	6,103,219	6	924,225	€	2,400,918	\$ 478,018	3	(2,300,058)		ж
at Unit	6	54 228	ø	71 004	e		e				17 666
uthority	9	067,40	9	11,304	9	12	9				17,000
			Gene	General Revenues							
			Pro	Property taxes					1,913,941		1
			Spe	Specific Ownership	Д				264,470		*
			Sal	Sales and use taxes	S				896,554		.1
			Š	Lodging and tourism taxes	ım taxe	8			31,932		(IS € (0)
			Ça	Gain on sale of assets	sets				16,735		le:
			Ea	Earnings on investments	ments				31,449		314
					Tota	l General Rev	Total General Revenues and Transfers		3,155,081		314
			Chan	Changes in Net Position	tion				855,023		17,980
			Net P	Net Position - January 1	ıry 1				6,963,431	g.	339,857
			Net P	Net Position - December 31	nber 31			↔	7,818,454	69	357,837
					<u>.</u>						

Interest expense, unallocated

Miscellaneous

Auxiliary

E-911 Authority Component Unit

Governmental Activities

General government

Public safety

Streets and highways Health and welfare

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO December 31, 2016

<u>Assets</u>	General <u>Fund</u>	Road & Bridge Fund	Public Welfare <u>Fund</u>	Capital Improvement <u>Fund</u>	Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Cash and investments held by County						
Treasurer	\$ 1,342,094	\$ 1,781,026	\$ 177,855	\$ 684,645	\$ 248,983	\$ 4,234,603
Cash held by County Clerk	125	5	್	-		125
Cash held by County Assessor	180	T-1		1/2	-	180
Cash held by Sheriff	1,344	<u> </u>	72	16	-	1,344
Cash held by Extension Office	34,621	ž.	12	0.00	980	34,621
Cash held by Useful Public Service	100	€	- 4	000	· •	100
Accounts receivable	66,051	4,849	2,852	47,900	26,363	148,015
Taxes receivable	1,189,479	605,778	76,211	18,398	209,866	2,099,732
Accrued state revenue	· ·	*	11,146	I I I I	•	11,146
Accrued federal revenue	*	₹.	14,721		727	14,721
Inventories	= =	137,385			7,020	144,405
Total Assets	2,633,994	2,529,038	282,785	750,943	492,232	6,688,992
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Accounts payable	21,501	5,511	1,038	-	4,063	32,113
Warrants payable	241,107	129,091	20,172	82,556	28,824	501,750
Due to State of Colorado		*	34,544	÷	() <u>a</u> s	34,544
Unearned revenue	- 1	·	50,401	- 5		50,401
Total Liabilities	262,608	134,602	106,155	82,556	32,887	618,808
Deferred Inflow - property taxes	1,128,000	513,000	76,000		205,000	1,922,000
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable		137,385		ŝ	7,020	144,405
Restricted	94,213	54,700	8,100	16,600	12,225	185,838
Assigned		1,689,351	92,530	651,787	235,100	2,668,768
Unassigned	1,149,173	<u>*</u>	- T			1,149,173
Total Fund Balances	\$ 1,243,386	\$ 1,881,436	\$ 100,630	\$ 668,387	\$ 254,345	\$ 4,148,184

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO December 31, 2016

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 4,148,184
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not considered current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	4,477,124
Revenue receivable that does not provide current financial resources is not recorded in the governmental funds.	85,155
Certain revenue is earned over a period years, the portion of unearned income is reported as unearned revenue in the statement of net position.	(41,310)
Long-term liabilities for capital leases (\$270,598), compensated absences (\$250,775), and landfill closure costs (\$481,816) are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(1,003,189)
Interest payable on capital leases is not recorded on the fund statements because it is not a current use of cash. Interest is accrued on the government-wide statements since the liability is to be paid in the near term.	(2,127)
Internal service fund is used by management to account for health insurance and workers' compensation activities. The net activity of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.	 154,617
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 7,818,454

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO December 31, 2016

	General <u>Fund</u>	Road & Bridge <u>Fund</u>	Public Welfare <u>Fund</u>	Capital Improvement <u>Fund</u>	Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 1,961,795	\$ 577,908	\$ 86,681	\$ 210,799	\$ 263,095	\$ 3,100,278
Penalties	3,882	1,766	265	2	706	6,619
Federal Sources	463,924	28,101	200,758	*	50,951	743,734
State Sources	146,604	1,239,387	163,677	341,912	44,221	1,935,801
Local Sources	41,750		14,624	÷	16,149	72,523
Licenses permits	141,365	(-)			#	141,365
Charges for services	719,921	36,758			23,226	779,905
Miscellaneous	56,252	11,604	4,092	2	513	72,461
Reimbursed expenses	16,483	893		70	Na	17,446
Total Revenues	3,551,976	1,896,417	470,097	552,781	398,861	6,870,132
Expenditures						
General Government	1,789,808	137,854		32,667		1,960,329
Public Safety	1,051,717	2,799		7,320	244,543	1,306,379
Streets and Highways	(e)	1,198,848	5	2	H	1,198,848
Health and welfare	215,323	S=0	476,380	×		691,703
Auxiliary services	165,345			-	194,861	360,206
Capital outlay	54,027	129,710	12	447,455	67,748	698,940
Miscellaneous	80,542	340		*	*	80,542
Debt service - principal	(+)	64,071	3	32,047	€.	96,118
Debt service - interest		7,818		1,927	÷	9,745
Total Expenditures	3,356,762	1,541,100	476,380	521,416	507,152	6,402,810
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	195,214	355,317	(6,283)	31,365	(108,291)	467,322
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers from (to) other funds Proceeds from capital leases	(15,703)	703	:	70,550	15,000	70,550
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(15,703)	703		70,550	15,000	70,550
Net Change in Fund Balance	179,511	356,020	(6,283)	101,915	(93,291)	537,872
Fund Balances - January 1	1,063,875	1,525,416	106,913	566,472	347,636	3,610,312
Fund Balances - December 31	\$ 1,243,386	\$ 1,881,436	\$ 100,630	\$ 668,387	\$ 254,345	\$ 4,148,184

RECONCILIATION OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO For the year ended December 31, 2016

Total Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 537,872
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported in the governmental funds.	85,155
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay (\$698,940) exceeds depreciation expense (\$472,947).	225,993
Principle retirements - Retirements of principle outstanding on the County's debt result in a reduction of accumulated resources on the fund financial statement. The government wide statements show these reductions against the long-term liabilities.	96,118
The change in revenues that are allocated for future periods are not recognized in the Statement of Activities, but are recognized in the governmental funds.	2,955
Internal service fund is used by management to account for health insurance and workers' compensation activities. The net activity of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.	(2,589)
Interest payable on capital leases is not recorded on the fund statements because it is not a current use of cash. Interest is accrued on the government-wide statements, and the change in the liability is recognized.	(709)
In the government-wide statements, accrued compensated absences are measured by the amount earned and unused. In the governmental funds, the expenditures for compensated absences are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). Therefore, the change in the accrued compensated absences is recognized.	11,044
In the government-wide statements, estimated landfill closure debt is recognized as long-term debt. In the government funds, the estimated cost nor the change in the estimate are included. Therefore, the change in the estimate is recognized.	(30,266)
Current lease proceeds provide current financial resources to the governmental funds but in the Statement of Net Position the lease is reported as long term debt.	 (70,550)
Total change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 855,023

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO December 31, 2016

	Assets		Internal Service <u>Insurance Fund</u>
Current Assets Cash held by County Treasurer Taxes receivable		Total Current Assets	\$ 158,605 153,422 312,027
Current Liabilities Warrants payable Accounts payable	<u>Liabilities</u>	Total Current Liabilities	4,410
Deferred Inflow - property taxes			153,000
Reserved for emergency Unrestricted	Net Position		5,300 149,317
		Total Net Position	\$ 154,617

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO December 31, 2016

	Internal Service Insurance Fund
Operating Revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 22.556
Reimbursed expenses	23,556
Total Operating Revenues	23,556
Operating Expenses	
General government	144,267
Streets and Highways	55,780
Total Expenditures	200,047
Operating Income (Loss)	(176,491)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	
Property taxes	152,626
Specific ownership taxes	20,746
Penalties and Interest	530
Net Income (Loss) Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,589)
Operating transfers in (out)	<u></u>
Change in Net Position	(2,589)
Net Position - January 1	157,206
Net Position - December 31	\$ 154,617

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO

For the year ended December 31, 2016

	S	iternal ervice ance Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities	Ф	25.645
Cash received for reimbursed expenses	\$	35,645
Payments for services		(200,337)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities		(164,692)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities		
Cash received for property taxes		173,908
Transfers from other funds	A=====	
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	-	173,908
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash		9,216
Cash - January 1		149,389
Cash - December 31	\$	158,605
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used)		
by Operating Activities:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(176,491)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used)		
by operating activities:		10.000
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		12,089
Increase (decrease) in warrants / accounts payable		(290)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(164,692)

FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO December 31, 2016

	Agency <u>Funds</u>
Assets Cash in bank and on hand	\$ 171,269
Total Assets	\$ 171,269
Liabilities Due to other taxing units Due to other agencies and departments	\$ 76,722 94,547
Total Liabilities	\$ 171,269

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO December 31, 2016

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Custer County, Colorado ("County") was established in 1877 and operates under an elected commissioner form of government. The County provides a full range of services which include general government functions, public protection and safety, health, social services, public improvements, road and bridge operations, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to local governments. The following summary of significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in evaluating the County's financial statements.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Custer County is a political subdivision of the State of Colorado, governed by an elected three-member Board of County Commissioners. There are also four other elected officials of Custer County (Assessor, Clerk and Recorder, Sheriff, and Treasurer).

The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Discretely presented component units:

The E911 Emergency Telephone Service Authority Board was created by intergovernmental agreements under Colorado statutes that authorizes the County, municipalities within the County, and special districts within the County to enter into an agreement for the purpose of providing 911 emergency telephone services. According to Colorado statute the agreement creates a separate legal entity which is responsible for administering the operations of the 911 emergency telephone service program in Custer County.

Blended component units:

The Airport Authority was dissolved and replaced by an advisory board appointed by the County Commissioners. The activities of the Airport are reported in a special revenue fund.

Other related organizations

The following organizations are excluded from the accompanying financial statements because the County's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond various appointments:

Custer County Library District - The County Commissioners appoint the seven-member Library District Board. The Library District Board has total autonomy under the State Library Act to incur debt, establish budgets, and levy property taxes to support the District's library system.

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO December 31, 2016

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Other related organizations (Continued)

Colorado Counties Casualty and Property Pool (hereinafter referred to as "CAPP") - CAPP was formed by intergovernmental agreement by member counties as a separate and independent governmental and legal entity pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Constitution and Colorado Revised Statutes. Each member county in this governmental agreement has the power under Colorado law to make provision for the property and casualty coverage which constitute the functions and services jointly provided by means of the CAPP. The Insurance Commissioner of the State of Colorado has such authority with respect to the CAPP as is provided by applicable Colorado statutes.

The purposes of the CAPP are to provide a risk management fund for defined property and casualty coverage and to assist members in controlling costs by providing specialized governmental risk management services and systems. It is the intent of the members to use member contributions to defend and indemnify, in accordance with its bylaws, any member against states liability or loss to the limit of the financial resources of the risk management fund. It is also the intent of the members to have CAPP provide needed coverage at reasonable costs. All income and assets of CAPP shall be at all times dedicated to the exclusive benefit of its members. Custer County, through its Insurance Internal Service Fund, recognizes an expense for any amounts paid to CAPP annually for these coverages.

Custer County is a member of CAPP.

B. Government-wide Financial Statements

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information. The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the County as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from activities of the fiscal period.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the County as a whole. In the government-wide statement of net position, the governmental activities are presented on a consolidated basis. These statements include the activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary activities. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide statement of activities reflect both the direct expenses and net cost of each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient for the goods and services offered by the program. Grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational and capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program are included in operating grants and contributions, or capital grants and contributions. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each government function or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the County are recorded in individual funds. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and fiduciary are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and presented as non-major funds.

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO December 31, 2016

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are reported when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. Revenues from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for the which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific costreimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there may be both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants if any, and then general revenues.

The County reports the following major government funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County which accounts for all financial resources that are not accounted for in other funds. Operations of the County such as public safety, planning and zoning, property valuation, tax collection and distribution, vehicle licensing, County administration and other activities financed from taxes and general revenues are reflected in this fund.

The Road and Bridge Fund records costs related to County road and bridge construction and maintenance. By State law, Colorado counties are required to maintain a Road and Bridge Fund and a portion of road and bridge taxes is allocated to cities and towns for use in their road and street activities.

The Public Welfare Fund is used to administer human services programs under state and federal regulations. Colorado counties are required by state law to maintain a human services fund.

The Capital Improvement Fund is used to account for funds expended for the purpose of improving, equipping and furnishing the County's buildings and other property.

The County also reports the following fund types:

The Internal Service Funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to departments or agencies of the County on a cost reimbursement basis. The County's internal service fund report on self-insurance programs for employee health, risk management, unemployment, and other insurance used by County departments.

The Agency Fund accounts for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations and other governments. These funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO December 31, 2016

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets and Liabilities

1. Deposits and Investments

The Custer County Treasurer maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all County funds except for some agency funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed as "cash and cash equivalents". Accrued interest receivable is displayed separately. The amount of interest gained through secured investments is credited to the County's general fund per Colorado State Statutes, with the exception of the Conservation Trust and the E-911 Authority. Cash and cash equivalents are stated at fair value.

The County considers cash and cash equivalents to be cash on hand and demand deposits. In addition, because the treasury pool is sufficiently liquid to permit withdrawal of cash at any time without prior notice or penalty, equity in the pool is also deemed to be a cash equivalent.

Cash equivalents are short term, liquid investments that are quickly converted to known cash amounts and that have maturities of three months or less so as to minimize the risk of value changes.

2. Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes were levied on December 15 and are payable either in two installments due on February 28 and June 15, or in full on April 30. Delinquent taxes may be assessed penalties and interest by the County. The County, through the Custer County Treasurer, bills and collects its own property taxes, as well as property taxes for all other taxing authorities within the County.

3. Interfund Transactions

Transactions between funds that would be treated as revenues, expenditures, or expenses if they involved organizations external to the County are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses in the funds involved. Transactions which constitute reimbursements of a fund for expenditures initially made from that fund which are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures or expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of the expenditure or expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. At year end, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Interfund balances are generally expected to be repaid within one year of the financial statement date. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental funds are eliminated in the government-wide statement of net assets.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of governmental funds, which consist of expendable materials held for consumption, are stated at cost using weighted average cost method. Quantities on hand are determined by physical count.

Expendable supplies are charged directly to expenditures or expenses when purchased.

Payments to vendors that reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items in the government-wide financial statements if significant, and are charged directly to expenditures or expenses when paid in the fund financial statements.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges and similar items), are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and a useful life of more than one year.

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO December 31, 2016

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

5. Capital Assets (Continued)

All fixed assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of the donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. All reported capital assets are depreciated, except for land and land improvements. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	20 - 50 years
Improvements	20 years
Infrastructure - bridges	50 years
Infrastructure - roads	20 years
Equipment	3 - 5 years
Heavy equipment	10 - 20 years

GASB Statement 34 allows small governments to begin reporting infrastructure assets in the year of implementation. The County has not elected to retroactively report infrastructure assets as permitted by GASB Statement 34.

6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section of deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then. The County does not have an item that qualifies for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has one item, property taxes. This item is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

7. Compensated Absences

County employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based on their length of employment. Full time employees earn five days vacation during their first year of employment, twelve days vacation beginning with their second year of employment, and seventeen days vacation beginning with their sixth year of employment. Accumulated vacation can be carried forward for two years.

Sick leave is earned at the rate of one day per month (or 8 hours) for each month of employment. A maximum of sixty working days (or 480 hours) may be accumulated for actual illness.

A maximum of twenty days sick leave (or 160 hours) and days of vacation, depending on the length of employment, are paid to terminated employees.

Ultimate payment of these benefits, or liability of the County to the employee, if any, is payable only in conjunction with the employee's termination. Any such payments of vested benefits are made in a lump sum at termination.

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO December 31, 2016

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

7. Compensated Absences (Continued)

The unpaid sick leave, vacation pay and related benefits at the end of the period will generally not be paid with expendable and available resources and, as such, the liability is generally not reflected in the governmental fund financial statements. The entire liability for compensated absences is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

8. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position.

9. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

An annual budget and appropriation ordinance is adopted by the Board of County Commissioners in accordance with Colorado State Budget Act. The budget is prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Budgets are established for all governmental funds and internal service funds. Formal budgetary accounting is employed as a management control device during the year to monitor the individual departments. The fund level is the level of classification at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations. During the year, several supplemental appropriations were necessary. All annual appropriations lapse at year end. The County does not recognize encumbrances.

B. Expenditures in Excess of Budget Amounts

During 2016 one fund had expenditures which exceeded budgeted amounts, which may be a violation of Colorado Local Government Budget Law.

	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Budget</u>		Excess	
Insurance Fund	\$ 200,047	\$ 194,916	\$	(5,131)	

C. Tax, Spending, and Debt Limitations

Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations, including revenue raising, spending abilities and other specific requirements of state and local governments. The Amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The County believes it is in compliance with the Amendment. However, the County has made certain interpretations of the Amendment's language in order to determine its compliance.

D. Grant Funding

The County receives funding from Federal, State and foundation grants which may be subject to regulatory or other oversight by granting agencies. Such oversight may include audit or other compliance procedures. Any adjustments made by a granting agency would become a liability to the County. There are no such proceedings presently in progress.

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO December 31, 2016

Note 3 - Cash Deposits and Investments

Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act, (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. State regulators determine eligibility. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized.

The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. As of December 31, 2016, all of the County deposits were either insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or held in eligible public depositories as required by PDPA.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County's policy for custodial credit risk parallels Colorado statutes.

A summary of cash and deposits held at year-end follows:

Cash and Deposits		Carrying Amounts	Less Than One Year		Less Than <u>Five Years</u>	
Deposits: Cash on hand Checking Savings		\$ 4,175 208,239 240,277	\$	4,175 208,239 240,277	\$	
Investments: State investment pool (Colo Trust)	Total	\$ 4,392,768 4,845,459	\$	4,392,768 4,845,459	\$	
Governmental Activities Component Unit Fiduciary Fund		\$ 4,429,578 244,612 171,269 4,845,459				

Investments

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local government entities may invest. The law outlines the types of securities that public entities in Colorado may acquire and hold as investments. These include U.S. government agency securities, certain bonds of political subdivisions, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, local government investment pools, repurchase agreements, money market funds and guaranteed insurance contracts. The statute also includes a provision limiting any investment to a five year maturity unless the governing body authorizes a longer period.

The County has invested \$4,392,768 in the Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust (ColoTrust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. ColoTrust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1. Investments of ColoTrust consist of U.S. Treasury bills, notes and note strips, and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services to ColoTrust in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions of ColoTrust. Substantially all securities owned by ColoTrust are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by ColoTrust.

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO December 31, 2016

Note 3 - Cash Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk - The County's policy of limiting investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates parallels Colorado statutes. Specifically all securities are limited to a maximum maturity of five years from date of purchase unless the governing body authorizes a longer period.

Credit Risk - The County does not have a policy which would further limit its investment choices beyond the requirements of Colorado statutes. As of December 31, 2016 the County's investment in Colo Trust rates AAAm by Standard and Poor's and Aaa by Moody's.

Note 4 - Property Tax Accrual

Property taxes which have been levied for 2016 which will not be collected until 2017 have been accrued as a receivable at December 31, 2016. An offsetting liability for deferred inflows of resources - unearned property tax revenue has been recorded on the statement of net position.

Note 5 - Interfund Transactions

Due to/from Other funds:

The County reports interfund balances between some of its funds. Balances result from the time lag between the dates when interfund goods or services are provided, transactions are recorded in the accounting system and the payments between funds are made. Interfund balances are generally expected to be repaid within one year of the financial statement date.

Transfers Between Funds:

Transfers between funds are generally indicative of funding for capital projects or subsidies of various County operations and re-allocation of special revenues. The following schedule briefly summarizes the County's transfer activity:

Two mafora to

	Transfers to							
Transfers from	Majo	Oth	er Funds	Total				
Major funds	\$	703	\$	15,000	\$	15,703		

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO December 31, 2016

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2016, was as follows:

Governmental Activities		Balances anuary 1	<u>A</u>	Additions	D	eletions		Balances ecember 31
Non Depreciable Assets	Φ.	215.054	Ф		⊕.		\$	317,874
Land	\$	317,874	\$		\$	•	Þ	•
Assets in progress		28,244	_	372,793	-			401,037
Total Non Depreciable Assets		346,118		372,793		3.90	_	718,911
Depreciable Assets								
Buildings and improvements		3,584,479		7,643		344		3,591,778
Vehicles and heavy equipment		6,705,524		308,649		130,084		6,884,089
Office equipment		1,063,869		9,855		782		1,072,942
Infrastructure		252,303						252,303
Total Depreciable Assets		11,606,175		326,147		131,210		11,801,112
Less Accumulated Depreciation								
Buildings and improvements		1,772,954		95,477		344		1,868,087
Vehicles and heavy equipment		4,861,275		351,083		130,084		5,082,274
Office equipment		936,286		14,533		782		950,037
Infrastructure		130,647		11,854		-		142,501
Total Accumulated Depreciation	-	7,701,162		472,947		131,210		8,042,899
-	\$	4,251,131	\$	225,993	\$	151,010	\$	4,477,124
Total Capital Assets, Net	Φ	4,231,131	Ψ	223,773	Ψ		—	.,,
Component Unit E 911 Non Depreciable Assets								
Assets in progress	\$	186	\$	-	\$	7000	\$	=
Depreciable Assets								
Equipment		393,366		 /		-		393,366
Less Accumulated Depreciation		,-						
Equipment		260,393		28,170		:30		288,563
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	132,973	\$	(28,170)	\$		\$	104,803
Total Capital Assets, Net	Ψ	134,773	47	(20,110)	*		÷	- Annaharana

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 55,475
Public safety	121,397
Streets and highways	255,702
Health and welfare	4,937
Auxiliary	 35,436
Total - Governmental Activities	472,947
Component Unit - E 911	28,170
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 501,117

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO December 31, 2016

Note 7 - Risk Management

<u>County Worker's Compensation Pool</u> - The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries of employees while on the job. The County participates, with other counties in the State of Colorado, in a County Workers' Compensation Pool (CWCP), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member counties.

The County pays an annual contribution to CWCP for its worker's compensation insurance coverage. The intergovernmental agreement of formation of CWCP provides that the Pool will be financially self-sustaining through member contributions and additional assessments, if necessary, and the Pool will purchase excess insurance through commercial companies for members' claims in excess of specified self-insurance retention, which is determined each policy year.

Colorado Counties Casualty and Property Pool - The County is exposed to various risks of loss to property and casualty losses. The County participates, with other counties in the State of Colorado, in a Colorado Counties Casualty and Property Pool (CAPP), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member counties. The county pays an annual contribution to Colorado Counties, Inc. for its property and casualty insurance coverage. The intergovernmental agreement of formation of CAPP provides that the Pool will be financially self-sustaining through member contributions and additional assessments, if necessary, and the Pool will purchase excess insurance through commercial companies for members' claims in excess of a specified self-insured retention, which is determined each policy year.

Note 8 - Defined Contribution Plan

The County provides pension benefits for all of its officials and employees through a defined contribution plan administered by the Colorado County Officials and Employees Retirement Association.

In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings and forfeitures, if any. Officials are eligible to participate immediately upon taking office. Employees are eligible to participate upon the completion of six months of service and attaining age twenty-one (21). As required by the terms of the plan, the County must contribute 4% of compensation to the plan and officials and employees must match employer contributions. In addition, officials and employees may make additional voluntary contributions not to exceed 10% of compensation. Officials are immediately vested 100% in employer contributions and earnings. Employees are vested at 10% per year, becoming fully vested after ten years, in employer contributions and earnings. Employer contributions forfeited by an employee before becoming fully vested are returned to the County.

The County's total payroll for the year ended December 31, 2016 was \$2,901,204. The County's contributions were calculated using the base earnings of eligible, participating employees of \$2,536,525. The County's required 4% contribution for 2015 was \$101,461, officials and employees required 4% contribution was \$101,461, for a total of \$202,922.

The plan held no securities of the County or other related parties during the year or as of the end of the year.

Note 9 - Deferred Compensation Plan

The County offers its officials and employees two deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457.

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO December 31, 2016

Note 9 - Deferred Compensation Plan (Continued)

The plans, available to all County officials and employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to officials and employees until termination or retirement. All amounts of compensation deferred under the Colorado County Officials and Employees Retirement Association plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights remain (until paid or made available to the official, employee, or other beneficiary) vested with the County. Effective January 1, 1997, the County no longer has a fiduciary responsibility to the plan administered by Public Employees Benefit Services Corporation.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plans are deposited with the Colorado County Officials and Employees Retirement Association and the Public Employees Benefit Services Corporation. During 2016 there were fifteen participants in the plans. Deferred compensation for the year ended December 31, 2016 was \$44,524.

Note 10 - Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of the County's long-term debt transactions for the year ended December 31, 2016:

Retirements

Debt

Additions

Debt

	Dent	Additions	Additions Remember					
	Outstanding	of New	and	Outstanding	Due Within			
	January 1	Debt	Repayments	December 31	One Year			
Capital lease obligations	\$ 296,166							
Compensated absences	261,819		11,044		·			
Other obligations	451,550		11,011	481,816				
other dongations	431,330	30,200		101,010				
Totals	\$ 1,009,535	\$ 100,816	\$ 107,162	\$ 1,003,189	\$ 84,535			
Debt outstanding as of De	ecember 31, 2016,	, consisted of the	following:					
Kansas State Bank	00 T 1 47 000	5 5	1 - 1 4	11.00.001.4				
2014 Dodge Ram 15			ur years, dated A _l		11210			
with an effective inte	erest rate of 4.6%			;	\$ 11,219			
First State Bank of Colorado Two 2016 Dodge Ram 1500 Trucks, \$15,356.64 per year for four years, dated March 23, 2016 with an effective interest rate of 3.95% 55,720								
Vanas Chaha Daula		e:						
Kansas State Bank	alsa #71 000 77 a		rooms dated Irona	1 2015 with				
Two 2016 Mack Tru		ber year for fives	years, dated June	1, 2013 WILLI	203,659			
an effective interest	rate of 2.929%.				203,039			
Compensated Absen	ces							
Accumulated vacation		benefits for eligib	le employees.		250,775			
wantoman a and and	The state of the s		<u>F</u> JJ.		= = = ,			
Other Obligations								
Estimated closure an	d postclosure cos	ts of solid waste l	andfill		481,816			
		Tot	al General Long	Term Debt	1,003,189			

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO December 31, 2016

Note 10 - Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The assets acquired through capital leases total \$432,650 less accumulated depreciation of \$86,016. These assets are used in governmental activities.

Future minimum lease payments for all leases are as follows:

\$	93,230
	93,245
	86,678
	15,357
	288,510
-	17,912
\$	270,598
	\$

The annual requirements to retire all general long-term debt as of December 31, 2016 are as follows:

Year Ending December 31		Principal			<u>Interest</u>	Total		
2017		\$	84,535	\$	8,695	\$	93,230	
2018			87,253		5,992		93,245	
2019			84,046		2,632		86,678	
2020			14,764		593		15,357	
			270,598		17,912		288,510	
Compensated absences			250,775		2		250,775	
Closure and postclosure costs			481,816				481,816	
	Total	\$	1,003,189	\$	17,912	\$	1,021,101	

Note 11 - Operating Leases

The County is obligated under certain leases accounted for as operating leases. Operating leases do not give rise to property rights or lease obligations, and therefore the results of the lease agreements are not reflected in the County's account groups.

The following is a schedule, by years, of future minimum rental payments required under operating leases that have initial or remaining noncancellable lease terms in excess of one year as of December 31, 2016:

Year Ending		maunta
December 31	A	<u>mounts</u>
2017	\$	91,217
2018		8,106
2019		4,775
2020		298
Total Minimum Payments Required	\$	104,396

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO December 31, 2016

Note 11 - Operating Leases (Continued)

The following schedule shows the composition of current and future rental expenditures for all operating leases except those with terms of one year or less that were not renewed:

	<u>2016</u>	Fut	ure Years
Minimum rentals	\$ 88,227	\$	104,396
Contingent rentals	141		-
Less: Sublease rentals			
Total Rental Expenditures	\$ 88,227	\$	104,396

Note 12 - Closure and Postclosure Care Cost

The County began operating a solid waste landfill in April of 1994. State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs in its financial statements in each year based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. These costs are measured on the accrual basis and reported in the general long-term debt account group until they become current liabilities expected to be liquidated with expendable available resources of the County.

The most recent engineering report available was completed in May 2017. Estimates of closure costs were \$193,286 and thirty year postclosure maintenance costs of \$416,608 for a total of \$609,894. The \$481,816 reported as landfill closure and postclosure liability at December 31, 2016 in the government-wide financial statements represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of approximately 79% of the estimated capacity of the landfill. The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$128,078 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. The estimated remaining landfill life is approximately 6.3 years based on current use estimates. The estimated dollar amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2016. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

At December 31, 2016, there are no assets restricted for payment of closure and postclosure care costs. The County paid \$0 of costs in 2016. Current regulations permit local governments to meet financial assurance requirements by satisfying certain financial tests as defined in the Regulations. The County believes it is in compliance with and satisfies these tests as of December 31, 2016.

Note 13 - Fund Balances

Government-wide Net Position:

Government-wide net position is divided into three components:

- Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding that was used to finance those assets.
- Restricted net position consists of net position that is restricted by the County's creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by state enabling legislation (through restricts on shared revenues), by grantors (both federal and state), and by other contributors.
- Unrestricted all other net position is reported in this category.

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO December 31, 2016

Note 13 - Fund Balances (Continued)

Governmental Fund Balances

The County presents fund balances in clearly defined categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. In the fund financial statements the following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints.

- Non-spendable fund balance The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as inventory) or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance The portion of fund balance constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as grantors or bondholders), constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance The portion of fund balance constrained for a specific purpose according to limitations imposed by the County's highest level of decision making authority, Board of Commissioners, prior to the end of the current year. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Commissioners.
- Assigned fund balance The portion of fund balance set aside for planned or intended purposes. The intended use may be expressed by the Board of Commissioners or other individuals authorized to assign funds to be used for a specific purpose. Assigned fund balances in special revenue funds will also include any remaining fund balance that is not restricted or committed. This classification is necessary to indicate that those funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of the particular fund.
- Unassigned fund balance The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the above criteria. The County will only report a positive unassigned fund balance in the General Fund.

If both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is County policy to use restricted amounts first. Unrestricted fund balance will be used in the following order; committed, assigned and unassigned.

The specific purposes for each fund balance classification on the balance sheet are detailed in the table below:

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO December 31, 2016

Note 13 - Fund B	alances (Continu	ed)				
	General	Road & Bridge	Public Welfare		Other Governmental	
Fund Balances	Fund	Fund	Fund	<u>Fund</u>	Funds	<u>Total</u>
Nonspendable			12			20 0200-270290-20
Inventory	\$ - \$	137,385 \$		\$ -	\$ 7,020	\$ 144,405
Restricted						
Tabor reserve	90,800	54,700	8,100	16,600	•	179,700
Grants	3,413				2,725	6,138
Total Restricted	94,213	54,700	8,100	16,600	12,225	185,838
Assigned						
Special Revenue						
Funds		1,689,351	92,530	651,787	235,100	2,668,768
Unassigned						
General	1,149,173		=			1,149,173
Total Fund						
Balances	\$ 1,243,386 \$	1,881,436 \$	100,630	\$ 668,387	\$ 254,345	\$ 4,148,184

Note 14 - EBT Authorizations, Warrant Expenditures and Total Expenditures

	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>D</u> County EBT Authorizations	$\mathbf{\underline{E}}$	
	County	County	Expenditures	Plus Expenditures		
	EBT	Share of	By County	by County	Total	
Program	Authorizations	Authorizations	<u>Warrant</u>	Warrant	Expenditures	
Old Age Pension	\$ 100,160	\$ -	\$	\$ 100,160	\$	
Low-Income Energy						
Assistance Program	107,834	₹	-20	107,834	1947	
Colorado Works	79,992	14,743	2 .0	79,992	14,743	
Regular Administration	320	848	390,652	390,652	391,500	
Child Welfare	50,748	12,687	-	50,748	12,687	
IV-E and parental fees		₹.	1,523	1,523	1,523	
Aid to the Needy						
Disabled	3,341	835	-	4,176	835	
Child Care	318	5,103		5,421	5,103	
Core Services	2,825		=	2,825	/ =	
Home Care Allowance	5,700	300	-	5,700	300	
Medicaid Transportation		2	20,485	20,485	20,485	
General Assistance	- Am		29,204	29,204	29,204	
Subtotal	350,918	34,516	441,864	798,720	476,380	
Food Assistance	536,497	7		536,497		
Grand Total	\$ 887,415	\$ 34,516	\$ 441,864	\$ 1,335,217	\$ 476,380	

A. Welfare payments authorized by the Custer County Department of Public Welfare. These County authorizations are paid by the Colorado Department of Human Services by QUEST debit cards or by electronic funds transfer (EFT).

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO December 31, 2016

Note 14 - EBT Authorizations, Warrant Expenditures and Total Expenditures (Continued)

- B. County share of EBT authorizations. These amounts are settled monthly by a reduction of State cash advances to the County.
- C. Expenditures made by County warrants or other County payment methods.
- D. This represents the total cost of the welfare programs that are administered by Custer County.
- E. This total matches the expenditures on the <u>Public Welfare Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance.</u>

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

$\frac{\textbf{STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES}}{\textbf{BUDGET AND ACTUAL}}$

GENERAL FUND

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO For the year ended December 31, 2016

	Budgeted Amount Original Final			<u>Actual</u>		Variance With Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	1,852,383	\$	1,852,383	\$	1,961,795	\$	109,412
Penalties		3,800		3,800		3,882		82
Federal Sources		479,092		479,092		463,924		(15,168)
State Sources		130,508		130,508		146,604		16,096
Local Sources		43,000		43,000		41,750		(1,250)
Licenses and permits		115,800		115,800		141,365		25,565
Charges for services		572,275		572,275		719,921		147,646
Reimbursed expenses		18,950		18,950		16,483		(2,467)
Miscellaneous		15,000		15,000		56,252		41,252
Total Revenues	_	3,230,808		3,230,808	_	3,551,976		321,168
Expenditures								
General Government		1,818,101		1,818,101		1,789,808		28,293
Public Safety		1,104,666		1,104,666		1,051,717		52,949
Health and welfare		263,558		263,558		215,323		48,235
Auxiliary services		138,590		138,590		165,345		(26,755)
Capital outlay		1,000		1,000		54,027		(53,027)
Miscellaneous		35,972		35,972	_	80,542		(44,570)
Total Expenditures	_	3,361,887	-	3,361,887	-	3,356,762		5,125
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(131,079)		(131,079)		195,214		326,293
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers to other funds	_	(15,000))	(15,000)		(15,703)		(703)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses		(146,079)		(146,079)		179,511		325,590
Fund Balances - January 1	-	805,537		805,537		1,063,875		258,338
Fund Balances - December 31	\$	659,458	\$	659,458	\$	1,243,386	\$	583,928

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO

	Budgeter Original	d Amount <u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues		n	Φ 577.000	Ф 2. 27 5	
Taxes	\$ 574,633	\$ 574,633	\$ 577,908	\$ 3,275	
Penalties	1,900	1,900	1,766	(134)	
Federal Sources	28,000	28,000	28,101	101	
State Sources	1,161,900	1,161,900	1,239,387	77,487	
Charges for services	48,500	48,500	36,758	(11,742)	
Miscellaneous	6,000	6,000	11,604	5,604	
Reimbursed expenses	45,000	45,000	893	(44,107)	
Total Revenues	1,865,933	1,865,933	1,896,417	30,484	
Expenditures					
General Government	135,929	135,929	137,854	(1,925)	
Public Safety	7,000	7,000	2,799	4,201	
Streets and Highways	1,652,897	1,652,897	1,198,848	454,049	
Capital outlay		, ,	129,710	(129,710)	
Debt service - principal	2 0	¥	64,071	(64,071)	
Debt service - interest	-		7,818	(7,818)	
Total Expenditures	1,795,826	1,795,826	1,541,100	254,726	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	70,107	70,107	355,317	285,210	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers from other funds	<u>*</u>		703	703	
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	70,107	70,107	356,020	285,913	
Fund Balances - January 1	1,334,506	1,334,506	1,525,416	190,910	
Fund Balances - December 31	\$ 1,404,613	\$ 1,404,613	\$ 1,881,436	\$ 476,823	

$\frac{\text{STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES}}{\text{BUDGET AND ACTUAL}}$

<u>PUBLIC WELFARE FUND</u> CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO

	Budgeto Original	ed Amount Final	- Actual	Variance With Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues	Oligina			1
Taxes	\$ 86,295	\$ 86,295	\$ 86,681	\$ 386
Penalties	400	400	265	(135)
Federal Sources	284,336	284,336	200,758	(83,578)
State Sources	157,164	157,164	163,677	6,513
Local Sources	13,000	13,000	14,624	1,624
Miscellaneous	1,600	1,600	4,092	2,492
Total Revenues	542,795	542,795	470,097	(72,698)
Expenditures Health and welfare Capital outlay	540,189	540,189	476,380	63,809
Total Expenditures	540,189	540,189	476,380	63,809
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	2,606	2,606	(6,283)	(8,889)
Fund Balance - January 1	105,937	105,937	106,913	976
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 108,543	\$ 108,543	\$ 100,630	\$ (7,913)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO

		Budgeted Original	l Amo	ount <u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin Fa	iance With al budget avorable
Revenues Taxes	\$	200,000	\$	200,000	\$	210,799	\$	10,799
State Sources		285,000		625,000		341,912		(283,088)
Reimbursed expenses		405,000		025 000		70	-	(272 210)
Total Revenues		485,000	-	825,000		552,781	-	(272,219)
Expenditures								
General government				=		32,667		(32,667)
Public Safety		*				7,320		(7,320)
Capital outlay		520,195		975,195		447,455		527,740
Debt service - principal		<u> </u>		-		32,047		(32,047)
Debt service - interest	-		-		-	1,927		(1,927)
Total Expenditures	-	520,195		975,195	_	521,416	_	453,779
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(35,195)		(150,195)		31,365		181,560
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from capital lease		-		72	\ 	70,550		70,550
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses		(35,195)		(150,195)		101,915		252,110
Fund Balance - January 1		531,350	_	531,350		566,472		35,122
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	496,155	\$	381,155	\$	668,387	\$	216,682

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO December 31, 2016

		tingent Tund		nservation rust Fund		mergency Services <u>Fund</u>		er County irport	Lod	er County ging and ourism		<u>Totals</u>
Assets					_			15.550	Φ.	20 (17	er.	240.002
Cash held by County Treasurer	\$	63,341	\$	31,712	\$	99,743	\$	15,570 808	\$	38,617	\$	248,983 26,363
Accounts receivable		-				25,555		808		4,304		20,363
Taxes receivable		-		2		205,562		7,020		4,304		7,020
Inventories	-		_				-	7,020			-	7,020
Total Assets		63,341	-	31,712	_	330,860	=	23,398	-	42,921	=	492,232
Liabilities												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable				2		55		858		3,150		4,063
Warrants payable	-	•			-	20,434	_	7,930	_	460	-	28,824
Total Liabilities	-	(#:	-			20,489		8,788		3,610		32,887
Deferred Inflow - property taxes		(*			_	205,000			-	:•	-	205,000
Fund Balances												
Nonspendable				9		Δ.		7,020		(e)		7,020
Restricted						10,225		1,000		1,000		12,225
Assigned		63,341		31,712		95,146		6,590		38,311		235,100
Unassigned			-		-			ű.		- 1	-	<u>=</u>
Total Fund Balances	\$	63,341	\$	31,712	\$	105,371	\$	14,610	\$	39,311	\$	254,345

$\frac{\text{COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES}}{\text{NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS} - \text{SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS}}$

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO December 31, 2016

D	Contingent <u>Fund</u>	Conservation <u>Trust Fund</u>	Emergency Services <u>Fund</u>	Custer County <u>Airport</u>	Custer County Lodging and Tourism	Totals
Revenues	\$ =	\$	\$ 231,163	\$:-	\$ 31,932	\$ 263,095
Taxes Penalties and interest	5 -	5	706	9 -	J 31,932	706
Federal sources		-	50,951	-	5.	50,951
	-	35,823	30,731	8,398	2	44,221
State sources	*	33,823	16 140	0,370		16,149
Local sources	Ξ:	371	16,149	22.226		23,226
Charges for services	**	237	276	23,226		513
Other income			299,245	31,624	31,932	398,861
Total Revenues		36,060	299,243	31,024	31,932	390,801
Expenditures						
Public safety		:=:	244,543	9	•	244,543
Auxiliary	*	29,947	100,845	45,249	18,820	194,861
Capital outlay			67,748	_		67,748
Total Expenditures		29,947	413,136	45,249	18,820	507,152
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		6,113	(113,891)	(13,625)	13,112	(108,291)
. , , .						
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				15.000		15 000
Operating transfers in (out)	-	-	3	15,000		15,000
Proceeds from capital lease				15 000		15,000
Total Other Financing Sources		-		15,000		13,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		6,113	(113,891)	1,375	13,112	(93,291)
Fund Balance - January 1	63,341	25,599	219,262	13,235	26,199	347,636
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 63,341	\$ 31,712	\$ 105,371	\$ 14,610	\$ 39,311	\$ 254,345

$\frac{\text{STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES}}{\text{BUDGET AND ACTUAL}}$

CONTINGENT FUND

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO For the year ended December 31, 2016

	Budgeter Original	d Amount <u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Final budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Taxes	\$	\$	\$ -	\$ -
Expenditures General government		(-		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	¥	~	-	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers in (out)	<u>.</u>		(4)	<u> </u>
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	-		•	•
Fund Balance - January 1	63,341	63,341	63,341	-
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 63,341	\$ 63,341	\$ 63,341	\$ -

$\frac{\text{STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES}}{\text{BUDGET AND ACTUAL}}$

CONSERVATION TRUST FUND

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO

	Budgete	d Amount		Variance With Final budget Favorable
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues State sources Miscellaneous Total Revenues	\$ 30,000	\$ 31,000	\$ 35,823 237 36,060	\$ 4,823 237 5,060
Expenditures Auxiliary services	29,880	30,880	29,947	933
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		120	6,113	5,993
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers in (out)		<u>+</u>		
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses		120	6,113	5,993
Fund Balance - January 1	27,052	27,052	25,599	(1,453)
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 27,172	\$ 27,172	\$ 31,712	\$ 4,540

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

EMERGENCY SERVICES FUND

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO For the year ended December 31, 2016

Variance With Final budget **Budgeted Amount** Favorable Original **Final Actual** (Unfavorable) Revenues 230,953 231,163 \$ 210 Taxes \$ 230,953 \$ 800 800 706 (94)Penalties and interest Federal sources 88,300 88,300 50,951 (37,349)65,000 16,149 (48,851)Local sources 65,000 (3,500)3,500 3,500 Reimbursed expenses 276 (3,224)3,500 3,500 Miscellaneous 392,053 392,053 299,245 (92,808)**Total Revenues** Expenditures 244,543 18,127 **Public Safety** 262,670 262,670 Auxiliary services 183,165 183,165 100,845 82,320 2,000 2,000 67,748 (65,748)Capital outlay 447,835 413,136 34,699 447,835 **Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues Over** (Under) Expenditures (55,782)(55,782)(113,891)(58,109)228,971 219,262 (9,709)228,971 Fund Balance - January 1

173,189

Fund Balance - December 31

173,189

105,371

(67,818)

$\frac{\text{STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES}}{\text{BUDGET AND ACTUAL}}$

CUSTER COUNTY AIRPORT CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO

			Budgeted	l Am	ount			Fin Fa	ance With al budget worable
		Or	<u>iginal</u>		Final		<u>Actual</u>	(Un	<u>favorable)</u>
Revenues									
State sources		\$		\$		\$	8,398	\$	8,398
Charges for services			35,268		35,268		23,226		(12,042)
Reimbursed expenses			302		302	_	<u> </u>	_	(302)
	Total Revenues		35,570	_	35,570	_	31,624	-	(3,946)
Expenditures									
Auxiliary services			48,975		58,975		45,249		13,726
Capital outlay									- 5
oup will	Total Expenditures		48,975		58,975		45,249		13,726
	Total Expenditures	.0						_	
	Excess of Revenues Over								
	(Under) Expenditures		(13,405)		(23,405)		(13,625)		9,780
	(Chuci) Expenditures		(13,403)		(23,403)		(15,025)		2,700
Other Financing Sources	(Heas)								
			15,000		25,000		15,000		(10,000)
Operating transfers in (or	ui)	-	15,000		23,000		12,000		(10,000)
Ewang of D	evenues and Other Sources								
			1.505		1.505		1 275		(220)
Over (Under) Ex	spenditures and Other Uses		1,595		1,595		1,375		(220)
B 101 1			14 700		14,709		13,235		(1,474)
Fund Balance - January 1	I	3	14,709	-	14,709	-	13,433	_	(1,7/4)
Fund Balance - December	r 31	\$	16,304	\$	16,304	\$	14,610	\$	(1,694)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

CUSTER COUNTY LODGING AND TOURISM FUND

CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO

		<u>o</u>	Budgeted	l Amo	unt <u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fina Fa	nnce With Il budget vorable avorable)
Revenues Taxes		\$	27,000	\$	27,000	\$	31,932	\$	4,932
Penalties and interest		Ψ	27,000	Φ	27,000	Ψ	31,732	Ψ	4,232
1 onation and miorest	Total Revenues		27,000		27,000		31,932		4,932
Expenditures									
Auxiliary services			28,700		28,700		18,820		9,880
Capital outlay	Total Expenditures		28,700	tr	28,700	_	18,820	-	9,880
	Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,700)		(1,700)		13,112		14,812
Fund Balance - January 1			27,883	,	27,883	10	26,199	-	(1,684)
Fund Balance - December	31	\$	26,183	\$	26,183	\$	39,311	\$	13,128

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

<u>INSURANCE FUND</u> CUSTER COUNTY, COLORADO

Operating Revenues		Budgete Original	d Amount Final	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Final budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Charges for services		\$	\$	\$	\$ -
Reimbursed Expenses		1,000	28,055	23,556	(4,499)
Rombursoa Expenses	Total Operating Revenues	1,000	28,055	23,556	(4,499)
Operating Expenditure	s				
General government		87,630	114,879	144,267	(29,388)
Streets and Highways		70,000	80,037	55,780	24,257
	Total Expenditures	157,630	194,916	200,047	(5,131)
	Operating Income (Loss)	(156,630)	(166,861)	(176,491)	(9,630)
Nonoperating Revenues	s (Expenses)				
Property taxes		152,590	152,590	152,626	36
Specific ownership tax	es	19,500	19,500	20,746	1,246
Penalties and interest		500	500	530	30
Total Nor	noperating Revenues (Expenses)	172,590	172,590	173,902	1,312
Ot	Net Income (Loss) Before her Financing Sources (Uses)	15,960	5,729	(2,589)	(8,318)
Other Financing Source	es (Uses)				
Operating transfers in ((out)			=	
	Change in Net Assets	15,960	5,729	(2,589)	(8,318)
Fund Balance - January	y 1	127,068	127,068	157,206	30,138
Fund Balance - Decemb	er 31	\$ 143,028	\$ 132,797	\$ 154,617	\$ 21,820

ADDITIONAL REPORTS AND SCHEDULES

The public report burden for this information conection is estim	ated to average 380 nours an	nuany.		FORM # 330-030-36
			City or County:	
			Custer County	
LOCAL HIGHWAY F	INANCE REPORT		YEAR ENDING:	
			December 2016	
This Information From The Records Of (example -	City of $_$ or County of $_$	Prepared By:	John V. Piquette	
County of Custer		Phone:	(719) 783-9067	
I. DISPOSITION OF HIGHWAY-USE	R REVENUES AVAI	LABLE FOR LOCAL	GOVERNMENT EXP	ENDITURE
	A. Local	B. Local	C. Receipts from	D. Receipts from
ITEM	Motor-Fuel	Motor-Vehicle	State Highway-	Federal Highway
	Taxes	Taxes	User Taxes	Administration
Total receipts available				
2. Minus amount used for collection expenses				
3. Minus amount used for nonhighway purposes				
4. Minus amount used for mass transit				
Remainder used for highway purposes				
II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREI	ET PURPOSES		SBURSEMENTS FOR ND STREET PURPOS	
ITEM	AMOUNT		EM	AMOUNT
A. Receipts from local sources:	MWOON	A. Local highway dis		rimoditi
Local highway-user taxes		Capital outlay (fi	om page 2)	129,710
a. Motor Fuel (from Item I.A.5.)		2. Maintenance:	om page 1)	860,677
b. Motor Vehicle (from Item I.B.5.)		Road and street s	ervices:	
c. Total (a.+b.)		a. Traffic contro		2,799
General fund appropriations	703			338,171
Other local imposts (from page 2)	579,674	c. Other	Temovai	330,171
4. Miscellaneous local receipts (from page 2)	49,255	d. Total (a. thro	340,970	
Transfers from toll facilities	77,233	General administration	137,854	
6. Proceeds of sale of bonds and notes:		5. Highway law enf	137,634	
a. Bonds - Original Issues		6. Total (1 through	1,469,211	
b. Bonds - Refunding Issues		B. Debt service on loc	1,407,211	
c. Notes Capital Lease	0	1. Bonds:		
d. Total (a. + b. + c.)	0	a. Interest		
7. Total (1 through 6)	629,632	b. Redemption		
B. Private Contributions	029,032	c. Total (a. + b.)		0
C. Receipts from State government		2. Notes:	Capital Lease	
(from page 2)	1,239,367	a. Interest	Capital Lease	7,818
D. Receipts from Federal Government	1,237,307	b. Redemption		64,071
(from page 2)	28,101	c. Total (a. + b.)		71,889
E. Total receipts $(A.7 + B + C + D)$	1,897,100	3. Total (1.c + 2.c)		71,889
at Total Tetal pla (tar v D v O v D)	1,007,100	C. Payments to State	for highways	71,005
		D. Payments to toll fa	cilities	
		E. Total disbursemen	ts (A.6 + B.3 + C + D)	1,541,100
n	/. LOCAL HIGHWA (Show all entri	es at par)		
	Opening Debt	Amount Issued	Redemptions	Closing Debt
A. Bonds (Total)				0
Bonds (Refunding Portion)				
B. Notes (Total) Capital Lease	267,730	0	64,071	203,659
V. LO	CAL ROAD AND STR	REET FUND BALANC	E	
A. Beginning Balance	B. Total Receipts	C. Total Disbursements	D. Ending Balance	E. Reconciliation
1,525,416	1,897,100	1,541,100	1,881,436	(20)
Notes and Comments:	-30013200	-25127727777		

LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT	Colorado YEAR ENDING (mm/yy): December 2016
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ITEM			AMOUNT
A.3. Other local imposts:		A.4. Miscellaneous local receipts:	
a. Property Taxes and Assessments	510,521	a. Interest on investments	
b. Other local imposts:	TOTAL OF BEEN	 b. Traffic Fines & Penalities 	
Sales Taxes		c. Parking Garage Fees	
Infrastructure & Impact Fees		d. Parking Meter Fees	
3. Liens		e. Sale of Surplus Property	11,394
4. Licenses		f. Charges for Services	36,758
Specific Ownership &/or Other	69,153	g. Other Misc. Receipts - County Gov't	1,103
6. Total (1, through 5,)	69,153	h. Other	
c. Total (a. + b.)	579,674	i. Total (a. through h.)	49,255
	(Carry forward to page 1)		(Carry forward to page 1)

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
C. Receipts from State Government		D. Receipts from Federal Government	
Highway-user taxes	1,212,258	1. FHWA (from Item I.D.5.)	
State general funds		2. Other Federal agencies:	
3. Other State funds:		a. Forest Service	28,101
State bond proceeds		b. FEMA	
b. Project Match		c. HUD	
c. Motor Vehicle Registrations	25,705	d. Federal Transit Admin	
d. Other Mineral Lease	1,404	e. U.S. Corps of Engineers	
e. Other (Specify)		f. Other Federal	
f. Total (a. through e.)	27,109	g. Total (a. through f.)	28,101
4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f)	1,239,367	3. Total (1. + 2.g)	
			(Carry forward to page 1)

III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (a)	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (b)	TOTAL
A.1. Capital outlay:			
a. Right-Of-Way Costs			0
b. Engineering Costs			0
c. Construction:			
(1). New Facilities			0
(2). Capacity Improvements			0
(3). System Preservation Equip. Purchases		129,710	129,710
(4). System Enhancement & Operation			0
(5). Total Construction (1) + (2) + (3) + (4)	0	129,710	129,710
d. Total Capital Outlay (Lines 1.a. + 1.b. + 1.c.5)	0	129,710	129,710
			(Carry forward to page 1)

Notes and Comments: